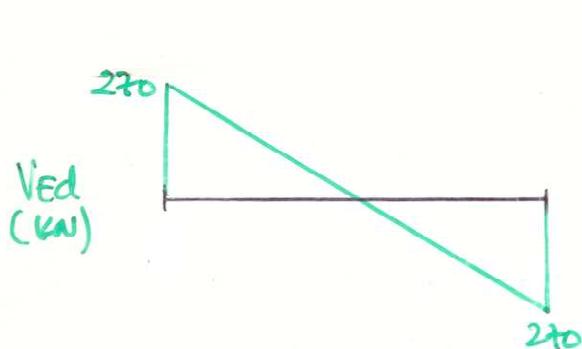
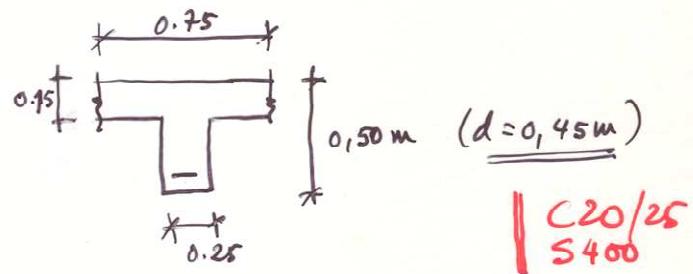
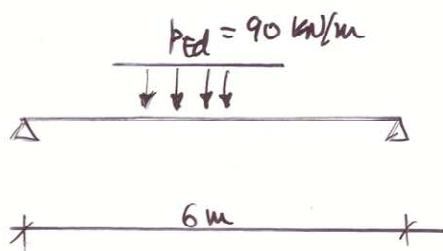


# Dimensionamento de armaduras para $\sqrt{v}_{Ed}$

(estribos verticais)



$$M_{Ed} = \frac{90 \times 6^2}{8} = 405 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\mu = \frac{405}{0.75 \times 0.45^2 \times 133} = 0.20$$

$$A_s = \frac{0.226 \times 45 \times 75 \times 13.3}{348} = 29.15 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$x = 0.28 \times 0.45 = 0.126 \text{ m (OK)}$$

$$\sqrt{v}_{Ed,c} = [C_{Rd,c} \ k (100 p_c f_{ck})^{1/3} + \underbrace{\epsilon_1 \ \sigma_{cp}}_{\phi}] b_w d$$

$$\frac{0.18}{p_c} = \underline{\underline{0.12}}$$

$$\frac{29.45}{25 \times 45} = 0.026 \rightarrow \underline{\underline{0.02}}$$

$$+ [\underbrace{\mu_{max} + \epsilon_1 \sigma_{cp}}_{\phi}] b_w d$$

$$0.038 k^{3/2} \sqrt{f_{ck}} = \underline{\underline{0.3378}}$$

(não condicionado)

$$1 + \sqrt{\frac{200}{d}} = \\ = 1 + \sqrt{\frac{200}{450}} = \underline{\underline{1.67}} \quad (22.0)$$

$$\sqrt{v}_{Rd,c} = 0.685 \times 250 \times 450 = 77,1 \text{ kN}$$

→ Necessária armadura de estago transverso  $A_{sw}$

- Controle do esmagamento das diagonais comprimidas

$$\sqrt{v}_{Rd,max} = \frac{\alpha_{cw} b_w \geq \gamma_1 f_{cd}}{\cot \phi + \tan \phi} \Rightarrow 270 \text{ kN}$$

$$\gamma_1 = \gamma = 0.6 \left[ 1 - \frac{f_{ck}}{250} \right] = 0.6 \left[ 1 - \frac{20}{250} \right] \\ = \underline{\underline{0.552}}$$

$$\sqrt{R_{d, \max}} = 0.25 \times 0.9 \times 0.45 \times 0.552 \times 13300 \frac{1}{\cot \theta + \frac{1}{\cot \theta}} = 270 \text{ kN}$$

$$c = \cot \theta$$

$$27531 = c + \frac{1}{c} \Rightarrow c^2 - 27531c + 1 = 0$$

$$c = \frac{27531 + \sqrt{27531^2 - 4}}{2} = 232$$

∴  $\cot \theta = \underline{\underline{232}}$   $(12 \leq \cot \theta \leq 35)$   
or

- Dimensionamento de Asw/s

- Armadura (estribos verticais)

$$\sqrt{R_{d,s}} = \frac{Asw}{s} \quad f_y w d \cot \theta = \frac{Asw}{s} \times 326981$$

$\uparrow$   $348 \times 10^3$   $\uparrow$   
 $0,9 \times 0,45$   $232$

- Estribos minímos (ECZ, 9.2.2(5))

$$P_w = \frac{Asw}{s b_w \sin \alpha} = \frac{Asw}{s b_w} \Rightarrow P_{w,\min} = 0,08 \frac{\sqrt{f_{ck}}}{f_y k} =$$

$= 8,94 \times 10^{-4}$

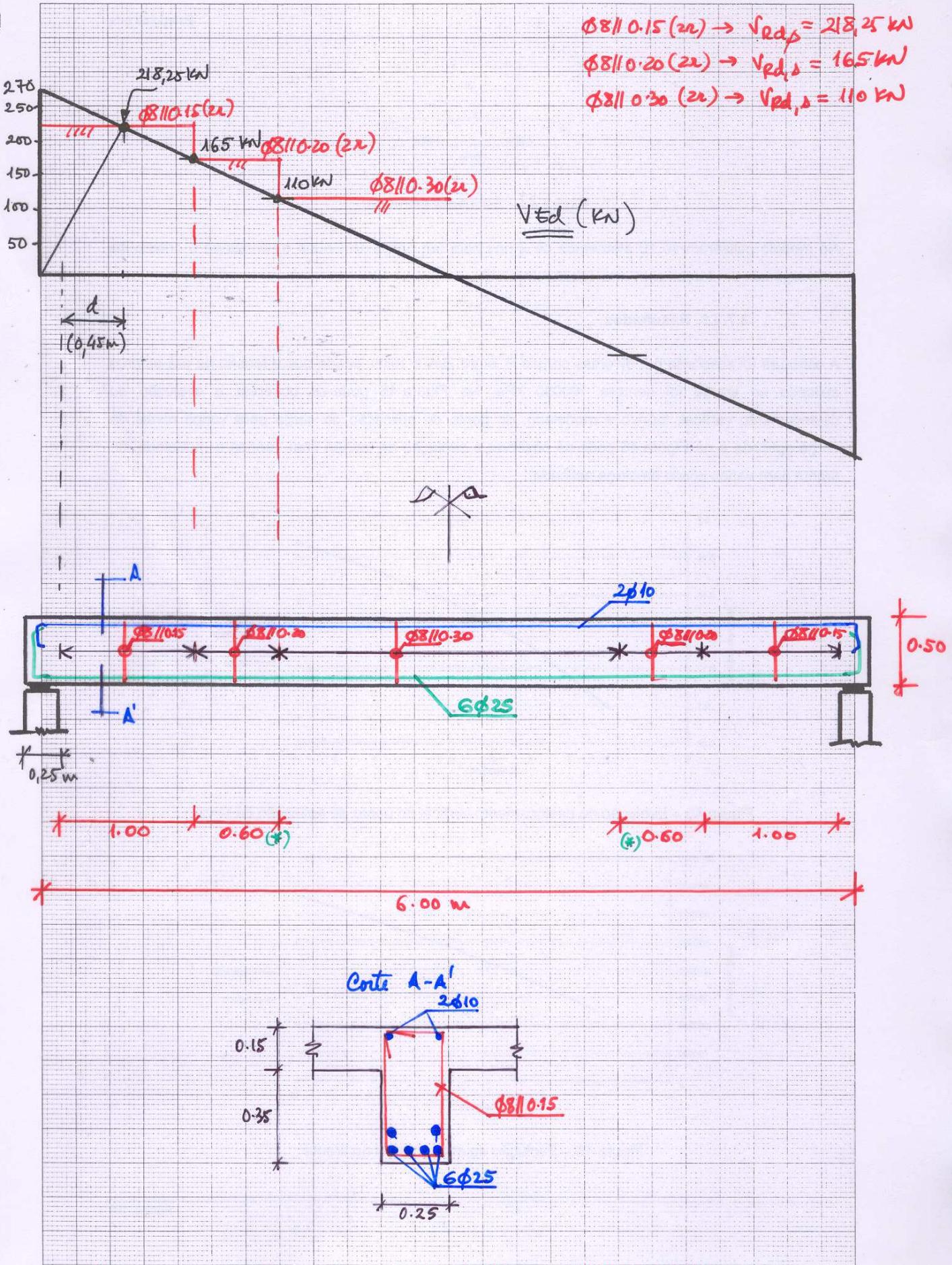
- $\Delta L_{\max}$  (ECZ, 9.2.2(6))

$$\Delta L_{\max} = 0,75 d (1 + \cot \alpha) = 0,75 d = 0,34 \text{ m} \rightarrow \boxed{0,30 \text{ m}}$$

$$(\frac{Asw}{s})_{\min} = 8,94 \times 10^{-4} \times 0,25 = 2,235 \times 10^{-4} \text{ cm}^2/\text{m} = 2,235 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2\phi 6 &= 0,57 \text{ cm}^2 \rightarrow \phi 6 // 0,25 \text{ (2r)} \\ 2\phi 8 &= 1,01 \text{ cm}^2 \rightarrow \phi 8 // 0,45 \rightarrow \boxed{\phi 8 // 0,30 \text{ (2r)}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \sqrt{R_{d,s}} \right|_{\phi 8 // 0,30 \text{ (2r)}} = \frac{1,01 \times 10^{-4}}{0,30} \times 326981 = 110 \text{ kN}$$



(\*) - Zona eventualmente substituível por  $\phi 8 \text{ II } 0.15(2x)$ , dada a pequena economia.